#### §98.118

in §98.113(d), you must maintain records of the total amount of each alloy product produced for the specified reporting period, and the appropriate alloy-product specific emission factor used to calculate the CH4 emissions.

#### §98.118 Definitions.

All terms used of this subpart have the same meaning given in the Clean Air Act and subpart A of this part.

TABLE K-1 TO SUBPART K OF PART 98-ELECTRIC ARC FURNACE (EAF) CH4 EMISSION FACTORS

Alloy product produced in EAF	CH <sub>4</sub> emission factor (kg CH <sub>4</sub> per metric ton product) EAF Operation		
	Silicon metal	1.5	1.2
Ferrosilicon 90%	1.4	1.1	0.6
Ferrosilicon 75%	1.3	1.0	0.5
Ferrosilicon 65%	1.3	1.0	0.5

## Subparts L-M [Reserved]

## **Subpart N—Glass Production**

### §98.140 Definition of the source category.

- (a) A glass manufacturing facility manufactures flat glass, container glass, pressed and blown glass, or wool fiberglass by melting a mixture of raw materials to produce molten glass and form the molten glass into sheets, containers, fibers, or other shapes. A glass manufacturing facility uses one or more continuous glass melting furnaces to produce glass.
- (b) A glass melting furnace that is an experimental furnace or a research and development process unit is not subject to this subpart.

#### §98.141 Reporting threshold.

You must report GHG emissions under this subpart if your facility contains a glass production process and the facility meets the requirements of either §98.2(a)(1) or (2).

## §98.142 GHGs to report.

You must report:

- (a) CO<sub>2</sub> process emissions from each continuous glass melting furnace.
- (b) CO<sub>2</sub> combustion emissions from each continuous glass melting furnace.

- (c) CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O combustion emissions from each continuous glass melting furnace. You must calculate and report these emissions under subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources) by following the requirements of subpart C.
- (d) CO2, CH4, and N2O emissions from each stationary fuel combustion unit other than continuous glass melting furnaces. You must report these emissions under subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources) by following the requirements of subpart C.

## §98.143 Calculating GHG emissions.

You must calculate and report the annual process CO2 emissions from each continuous glass melting furnace using the procedure in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

(a) For each continuous glass melting furnace that meets the conditions specified in §98.33(b)(4)(ii) or (iii), you must calculate and report under this subpart the combined process and combustion CO2 emissions by operating and maintaining a CEMS to measure CO2 emissions according to the Tier 4 Calculation Methodology specified §98.33(a)(4) and all associated requirements for Tier 4 in subpart C of this

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Sprinkle-charging is charging intermittently every minute.
<sup>b</sup> Temperature measured in off-gas channel downstream of the furnace hood.

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part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources).

- (b) For each continuous glass melting furnace that is not subject to the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section, calculate and report the process and combustion  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  emissions from the glass melting furnace by using either the procedure in paragraph (b)(1) of this section or the procedure in paragraphs (b)(2) through (b)(7) of this section, except as specified in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (1) Calculate and report under this subpart the combined process and combustion  $CO_2$  emissions by operating and maintaining a CEMS to measure  $CO_2$  emissions according to the Tier 4 Calculation Methodology specified in  $\S 98.33(a)(4)$  and all associated requirements for Tier 4 in subpart C of this

part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources).

- (2) Calculate and report the process and combustion  $CO_2$  emissions separately using the procedures specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (b)(2)(vi) of this section.
- (i) For each carbonate-based raw material charged to the furnace, obtain from the supplier of the raw material the carbonate-based mineral mass fraction.
- (ii) Determine the quantity of each carbonate-based raw material charged to the furnace.
- (iii) Apply the appropriate emission factor for each carbonate-based raw material charged to the furnace, as shown in Table N-1 to this subpart.
- (iv) Use Equation N-1 of this section to calculate process mass emissions of  $CO_2$  for each furnace:

$$E_{CO2} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} MF_i \cdot \left( M_i \cdot \frac{2000}{2205} \right) \cdot EF_i \cdot F_i \qquad (Eq. N-1)$$

Where:

 $E_{CO2}$  = Process emissions of  $CO_2$  from the furnace (metric tons).

n = Number of carbonate-based raw materials charged to furnace.

MF<sub>i</sub> = Annual average mass fraction of carbonate-based mineral i in carbonate-based raw material i (percentage, expressed as a decimal).

M<sub>i</sub> = Annual amount of carbonate-based raw material i charged to furnace (tons).

2000/2205 = Conversion factor to convert tons to metric tons.

 $\mathrm{EF_{i}} = \mathrm{Emission}$  factor for carbonate-based raw material i (metric ton  $\mathrm{CO_{2}}$  per metric ton carbonate-based raw material as shown in Table N-1 to this subpart).

 $F_i$  = Fraction of calcination achieved for carbonate-based raw material i, assumed to be equal to 1.0 (percentage, expressed as a decimal).

(v) You must calculate the total process  $CO_2$  emissions from continuous glass melting furnaces at the facility using Equation N-2 of this section:

$$CO_2 = \sum_{i=1}^{k} E_{CO_2i}$$
 (Eq. N-2)

Where:

 $\begin{array}{lll} CO_2 &= Annual \ process \ CO_2 \ emissions \ from \\ glass \ manufacturing \ facility \ (metric \ tons). \\ E_{CO2i} &= Annual \ CO_2 \ emissions \ from \ glass \\ melting \ furnace \ i \ (metric \ tons). \end{array}$ 

k = Number of continuous glass melting fur-

- (vi) Calculate and report under subpart C of this part (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources) the combustion  $CO_2$  emissions in the glass furnace according to the applicable requirements in subpart C.
- (c) As an alternative to data provided by the raw material supplier, a value of 1.0 can be used for the mass fraction  $(MF_i)$  of carbonate-based mineral i in Equation N-1 of this section.

# §98.144 Monitoring and QA/QC requirements.

(a) You must measure annual amounts of carbonate-based raw materials charged to each continuous glass melting furnace from monthly measurements using plant instruments used for accounting purposes, such as calibrated scales or weigh hoppers. Total annual mass charged to glass melting